Georg-August-Universität Göttingen	6 C
Module M.WIWI-VWL.0092: International Trade	4 WLH
Learning outcome, core skills:	Workload:
After a successful completion of the course students have achieved following competences:	Attendance time: 56 h
<ul> <li>give an overview of the core theoretical concepts explaining international trade patterns by means of various sources of trade flows like different technologies or factor endowments,</li> <li>understand and apply the concepts of comparative and absolute advantage,</li> <li>analyze the effects of international trade on the trading partners with respect to (i) their production and overall welfare, (ii) the reallocation of resources in the production process, (iii) the change in nominal factor prices, and (iv) on changes in the purchasing power of consumers,</li> <li>evaluate and critically reflect the gains and losses of international trade,</li> <li>evaluate the consequences of different trade policies like tariffs and subsidies,</li> <li>understand, summarize, and critically assess recent approaches to explain international trade patterns that are observed today based on scientific publications.</li> </ul>	Self-study time: 124 h
Courses:	
1. International Trade (Lecture)	2 WLH
1. The Ricardian model	
mathematical and graphical analysis of the trade equilibrium in a neoclassical model explaining inter inductry trade with one production factor and (i) two goods	
model explaining inter-industry trade with one production factor and (i) two goods,	
as well as (ii) a continuum of goods. Analysis of the trade effects on production and	1
2 The Heekseher Ohlin medel	
2. The neckscher-Onlin model Mathematical and graphical analysis of the trade equilibrium in a papelossical	
model with two production factors. Analysis of trade effects on production and	
consumption factor prices and of distributional effects as implied by the Stolper-	
Samuelson Theorem Analysis of the effects of changes in resource endowments	
as implied by the Rybczynski Theorem. Empirical test of the Heckscher-Ohlin	
model.	
3. The neoclassical trade model in higher dimensions	
Generalization of the Heckscher-Ohlin model to many production factors	
and goods by means of the Heckscher-Ohlin-Vanek model. Empirical test of	
Heckscher-Ohlin-Vanek model. Derivation of the specific-factors model with more	
production factors than goods and analysis of changes in goods prices and factor	
endowments.	
4. Imperfect competition in international trade	
Mathematical and graphical analysis of the Krugman model with increasing returns	
to scale and monopolistic competition as an explanation of intra-industry trade.	
Non-formal extensions of the Krugman model with (i) consumer CES preferences	

and (ii) heterogeneous technologies across firms derivation of the empirical Gravity equation base model.	, and the Melitz model. Formal d on the monopolistic competition	
<ul> <li>5. Trade policy under perfect competition Graphical analysis of the introduction of tariffs an under perfect competition on economic welfare. A equilibrium effects.</li> <li>6. Trade policy under imperfect competition Graphical analysis of the introduction of tariffs an under monopolistic market power on economic w median voter model to analyze political decisions</li> <li>7. Project work Recent empirical and theoretical contributions froe international trade within the frame of student pre-</li> </ul>	ad quotas to the trade equilibrium Analysis of partial and general ad quotas to the trade equilibrium velfare. Formal derivation of the s on the usage of trade policies. om the academic literature on esentations.	
2. International Trade (Exercise)       2 WLH         Contents:       1n the accompanying practice session students deepen and broaden their knowledge from the lectures.		
Examination: Written examination (90 minutes) M.WIWI-VWL.0092.Mp: International Trade Examination prerequisites: Presentation of a group work (approx. 20 min )		6 C
Examination requirements:         • Demonstrate a profound knowledge of the core theoretical concepts in international trade,         • show the ability to analyze the welfare and distributional effects of international trade by means of graphical and mathematical tools,         • show the ability to analyze the effects of trade policies,         • students should be able to assess the theoretical models with respect to empirical applications.		
dmission requirements:       Recommended previous knowledge:         one       Microeconomics		dge:
Language:	Person responsible for module:	

English	Prof. Dr. Udo Kreickemeier
Course frequency:	Duration:
each semester	1 semester[s]
Number of repeat examinations permitted:	Recommended semester:
twice	1 - 2
Maximum number of students: not limited	

Additional notes and regulations:

The courses "M.WIWI-VWL.0003: Reale Außenwirtschaft" and "M.WIWI-VWL.0092: International Trade" are equal. Students can conclude only one of these courses.